Hepatic pathology in Brazilians with schistosomiasis was related to the intensity of their Schistosoma mansoni infections when worm numbers recovered at autopsy were correlated with specific liver lesions. The number of eggs found in the feces was directly related to worm numbers thus validating fecal eggs as a measure of infection intensity in live patients. The number of eggs found in the feces was directly related to worm numbers thus validating fecal eggs as a measure of infection intensity in live patients. The number of eggs found in the feces was directly related to worm numbers thus validating fecal eggs as a measure of infection intensity in live patients. The number of eggs found in the feces was directly related to worm numbers thus validating fecal eggs as a measure of infection intensity in live patients. The number of eggs found in the feces was directly related to worm numbers thus validating fecal eggs as a measure of infection intensity in live patients. 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